- 1. How have humans increased our carrying capacity?
- 2. How does the average American ecological footprint compare to the global average footprint?
- 3. How does your footprint compare to the class average?
- 4. What are some things that you could do to reduce your footprint/impact?



All				
Classes	First	Second	Third	Fourth
4.23	4.26	4.76	3.75	4



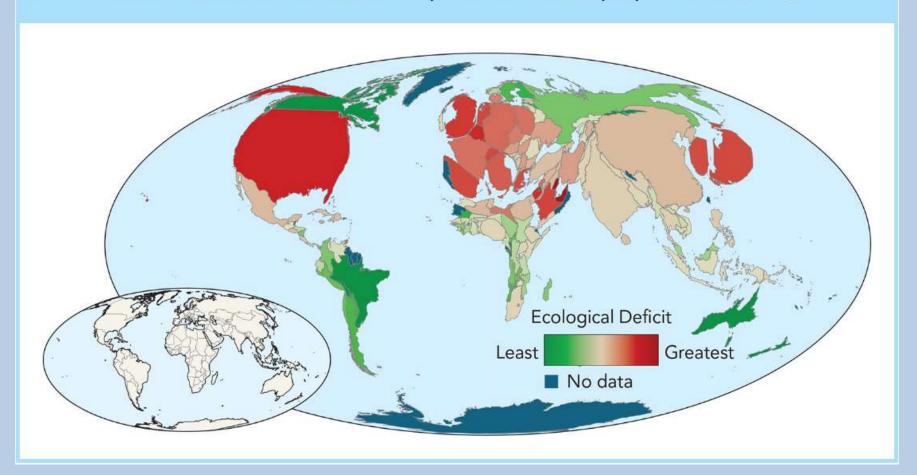
Logistics

- Unit 3 Assessment
 - November 22nd
 - So far we have covered objectives 1-3
 - By the end of today we will have covered objectives 1-8

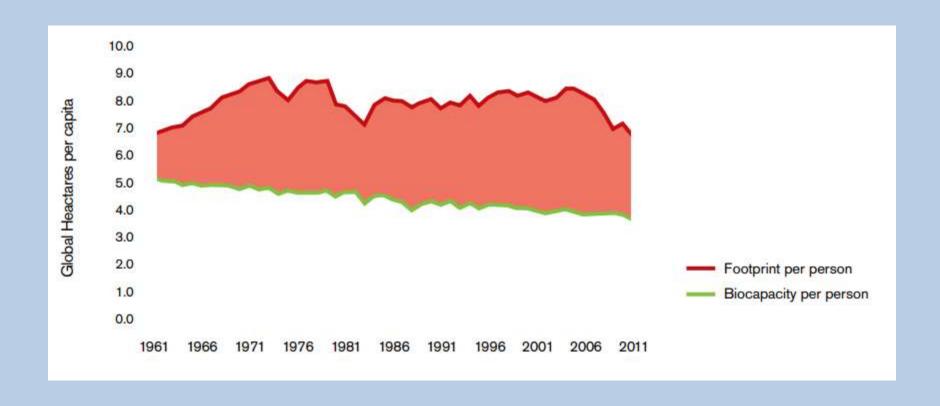
Ecological Footprints

Figure 7-2 National Footprints

The countries in red have ecological footprints that are disproportionately large.

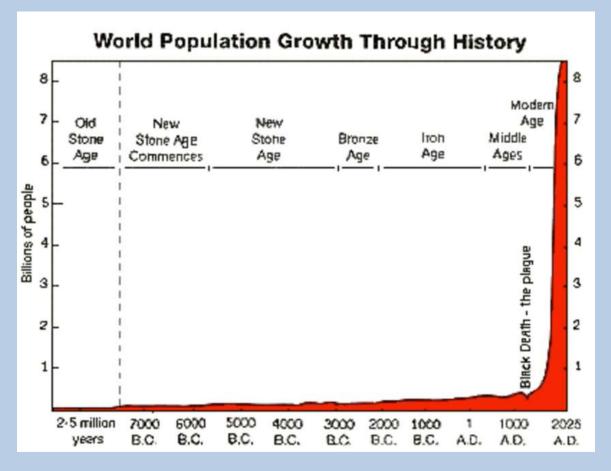


Ecological Footprints



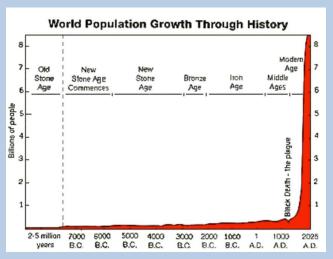
World Population

 Is human population growth sustainable?



World Population

 Is human population growth sustainable?



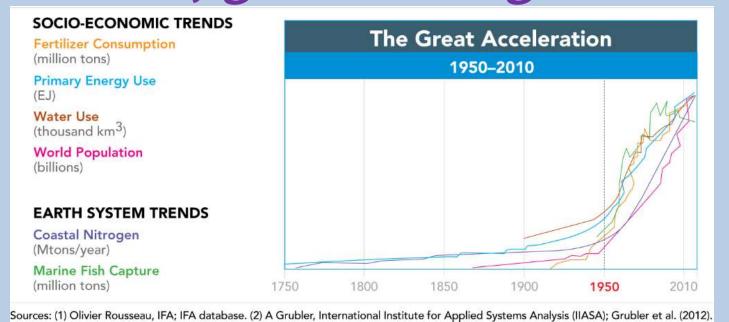
 Sustainable: using natural resources without depleting them or causing environmental harm

 Because the human population has grown so large we have an increasing impact on Earth



Humans are having such a large impact on Earth that the modern era is considered the Anthropocene: the period of Earth during which human activity has become the major cause of global change

 Anthropocene: the period of Earth during which human activity has become the major cause of global change



	Cambrian	540 - 490 million years ago	First representative of all modern animals evolved	
Paleozoic Era	Ordovician	490 - 443 million years ago		
	Silurian	443-417 million years ago	Early fish evolved	
	Devonian	417 - 354 million years ago		
	Mississippian	354 - 323 million years ago		
	Pensylvanian	323 - 290 million years ago		
Mesozoic Era	Permian	290 - 248 million years ago	Mass extinction of 96% of species occured - all life today is descended from the remaining 4%	
	Triassic	248 - 206 million years ago		
	Jurassic	206 -144 million years ago	Large dinosaurs roamed the Earth in this 'Age of Reptiles'	
	Cretaceous	144 - 65 million years ago		
	Paleogene	65 - 23 million years ago	Mammals evolved	
Paleogene Era	Neogene	23 - 18 million years ago		
	Quaternary	1.8 million - 70 years	Period includes the Pleistocene and Holocene epochs	
	Anthropocene	70 years ago - present	First nuclear weapons test and human activity marked the beginning of a new epoch	

ERA	PERIOD	EPOCH	BEGAN (Years ago0
Cenozoic	Quaternary	ANTHROPOCENE	??
		Holocene	11,700
		Pleistocene	2.5 M
	Tertiary	Pliocene	5.3 M
		Miocene	23 M
		Oligocene	34 M
		Eocene	56 M
		Paleocene	65.5 M
Mesozoic	Cretaceous		146 M
	Jurassic		200 M
	Triassic		251 M
Paleozoic			542 M
Proterozoic			4.5 B

 There are MANY ways that humans impact the Earth



 To understand just a few of these possible impacts (and to give you inspiration on what to focus on for your project) we will be doing a quick activity

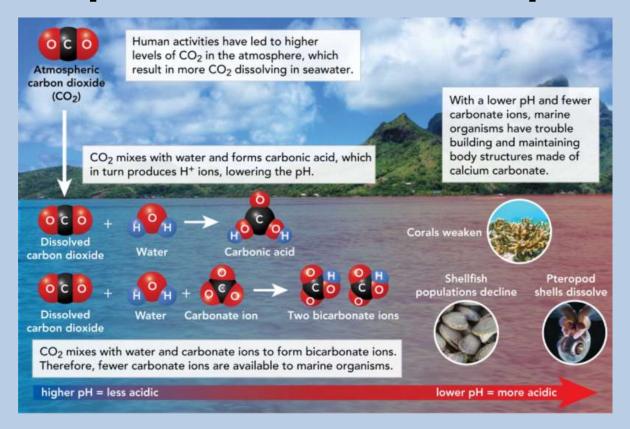
Each table group will be assigned a human impact to briefly research, you have 10 minutes to fill in your row of the table, then you will present this information to class

- 1: Acid rain
- 2: Ocean acidification
- 3: Biological magnification
- 4: Deforestation
- 5: Monoculture
- 6: Habitat fragmentation
- 7: Overharvesting
- 8: Invasive species

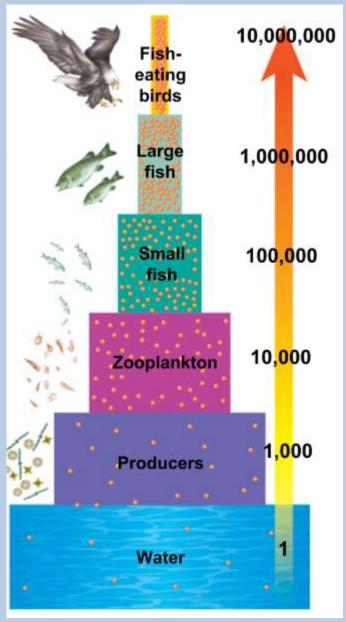
 1: Acid rain: air pollution combines with water and falls as rain that is acidic and especially damaging to forests and lakes



 2: Ocean acidification: continued decreasing pH due to carbon dioxide absorption from the atmosphere



3: Biological magnification: in a food chain the concentration of a pollutant increases as the number of organisms at each trophic level decreases



 4: Deforestation: loss of forests that can have negative effects on soil, water, carbon storage, and animals



 5: Monoculture: planting large areas with a single, high production crop every year



 6: Habitat fragmentation: causes biodiversity loss and makes ecosystems more vulnerable to other disturbances



 7: Overharvesting: using a natural resource in an unsustainable way



8: Invasive species: species can be introduced to new places by humans and disrupt the ecosystem



- Why are cows are a huge problem?
- https://www.youtube.com/watch
 ?v=26qzmw_xG58
- https://www.youtube.com/watch
 ?v=oH79CGm4u7s

Human Project

As you work on your project keep in mind that you are studying the culture, resources, politics, economy, and conflicts of your country in order to identify the biggest environmental impact of the country

Human Project

- You have two options for your presentation:
 - 1. Poster
 - 2. Slideshow
- It is due on November 26/27th
- You will be presenting in small groups
- Use the rubric

Human Project

- 1. Get the Ecological Footprint checked off
 - Tape it on page 30
- 2. Tape Human Impacts on page 31
- 3. Begin the human impact project
 - YOU SHOULD AT LEAST START RESEARCHING TASK 4 BEFORE LEAVING