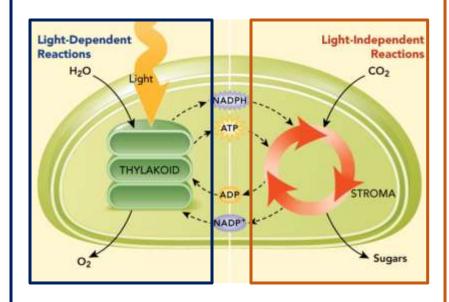
Photosynthesis

Light Dependent Reactions

- 1. Red and blue light from the sun is absorbed by chlorophyll (pigment) and excites electrons in water
- 2. Electrons go through an ETC (electron transport chain), releasing energy used to make ATP
- 3. Electrons are captured by NADP+, forming NADPH
- 4. Oxygen is released as a biproduct



<u>Light Independent</u> <u>Reactions</u>

- Energy from ATP and NADPH is used to convert CO2 into G3P, a 3-carbon sugar
- 2. ADP and NADP+ are recycled to bring back more energy
- 3. G3P is converted into glucose or used to make other macromolecules

Overall Reaction Formula

6CO2 + 6H2O -> C6H12O6 + 6O2