# **Spinach Lab**

# Pre-Lab:

- 1. What is the chemical reaction formula for photosynthesis?
- 2. What is the primary pigment responsible for initiating the light reactions of photosynthesis?
- 3. Where in the chloroplast do the light dependent reactions happen?
- 4. What reactant is used during the light dependent reactions? What specifically happens to it?
- 5. What is the product produced at the end of the light dependent reactions?
- 6. How would this product get to the air space in the leaf?
- 7. What are the independent and dependent variables in this experiment?

### Data:

	# of Disks Floating - GROUP			# of Disks Floating – CLASS	
Time (min)	Light Beaker	Dark Beaker		Light Beaker	Dark Beaker
1	0	0			
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9			1		
10					

Exact	
Time all	
10 Floated	

## Analysis:

1. Create a graph to compare the rates at which the leaf discs floated. Use your group's data for both the light and dark beakers:



- 2. Why did the leaves float?
- 3. Did any of the leaf disks in the dark beaker float? Why might that have happened?
- **4.** Determine the rate of photosynthesis for both the light and dark reactions, using the formula below. Note: be sure to use the **exact time** in your calculations. For example, if it took 8 minutes, 45 seconds for all 10 discs to reach the surface, you would divide by 8.75 minutes. (show your work)

# of discs floating total time (min) = discs/min

- **5.** Based on your data, what can you conclude about how your independent variable affects the rate of photosynthesis?
- 6. What are possible sources of unavoidable error in your experiment? Explain why they may have been present.